

In conclusion gender inequality and domestic violence

In a word, gender inequality and domestic violence against women continue to be a sustainable problem in the world. Due to uncontrollable gender, women are facing unwelcome discrimination every day. One factor of abuse is inequality between males and females. Domestic violence is caused mainly by gender inequality. Abusers were made inhuman and further abused the victims. Most of this abuse arises from the patriarchal values of men in society and may be expressed by structural and direct violence. The views of feminist and Marxism are promoting equality. Both of them think that inequality is the main cause of domestic violence against women. Our women in this world do not agree with this treatment and take action to stop it. These women are affected not only by psychological and emotional influences due to gender inequality but also by physical influences. To end inequality and bridge the gap between peers is the most important concern for everyone. Five

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7 Domestic Violence - Gender inequality will perpetuate violence against women and violence against women will limit the ability of women to demonstrate their abilities. Economic, social and health related costs of domestic violence and violence against women are very high. We recognize that the size and complexity of gender-based violence does not have a unified global solution, which means that a multi-sector strategy is necessary. Countries, regions, and family interventions play an important role in determining the solution. Fighting domestic violence is one of the most relevant tools to achieve the Millennium Development Goal 3+ approach.

While effective response to victims of domestic violence is appropriate, the recent policy approach to violence against women is an emergency that tackles domestic violence issues through the development of primary prevention strategies for lifelong people, including early childhood. We emphasize sex. Evidence suggests that it is not one that could lead to violence against women, but it depends on the complex interaction of several interrelated factors at the four impact levels of individuals, families, communities, and society (I suggest, 2014; VicHealth, 2007; WHO, 2010). Gender inequality including gender role and identity criteria is essential to understanding violence against women and children.

Gender inequality is based on gender-based violence against women and girls a third of women all over the world under the name of "honor killings", public stones, rape in the war, domestic violence and abuse linked. The conflict in Yemen has intensified, emphasizing the relationship between the child's bride and the early marriage. This is Yemen's long-standing human rights violation. According to a survey of 250 community members by UNFPA, the marriage survivor of a 72-year-old child in northern Yemen is between the ages of 13 and 15. In the south, 62-year-old people are married before 16 years old. Children and brides experience complications of pregnancy and are more vulnerable to violence. They are expected to become pregnant within the first month after marriage.

